§ 30.30

for the pro forma list of shipments for which declarations are missing, or may accept a list containing less than the items of information enumerated above. Approval of bonds and administration of the provisions of the regulations in this part relating to performance by carriers under such bonds, including remission and mitigation of penalties incurred by the carriers, are hereby delegated to the Commissioner of Customs or his delegate to be carried out in accordance with the provisions of section 623 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and the regulations of the U.S. Customs Service issued pursuant thereto.

[41 FR 9134, Mar. 3, 1976, as amended at 58 FR 41425, Aug. 4, 1993]

Subpart C—Special Provisions Applicable Under Particular Circumstances

§ 30.30 Values for certain types of transactions

The following special arrangements govern the values to be reported for shipments of the following unusual types:

- (a) Subsidized exports of agricultural products. Where provision is made for the payment of an export subsidy to the exporter for the exportation of agricultural commodities under a program of the Department of Agriculture, the value required to be shown on the export declaration is the f.a.s. value as defined in §30.7(q), based on the selling price paid by the foreign importer, excluding the amount of the subsidy.
- (b) GSA exports of excess personal property. For exports of General Services Administration excess personal property, the value to be shown on the Shipper's Export Declaration will be the total of the estimated "fair value," if any, at which the property was transferred to GSA by the holding agency, plus charges, when applicable, to the port of export, such as packing, rehabilitation, inland freight drayage. The estimated "fair value" may be zero, or it may be a percentage of the original or estimated acquisition costs. (Export Declarations for such shipments will bear the notation "Ex-

cess Personal Property, GSA Regulations 1-III, 303.03.'')

§ 30.31 Identification of certain nonstatistical and other unusual transactions.

In order to enable the Bureau of the Census to make a judgment as to the statistical or other status of certain export transactions, Shipper's Export Declarations covering the following types of transactions should carry a statement beneath the commodity description clearly identifying the transactions as such:

- (a) Merchandise exported for repair only, and other temporary exports to be returned to the United States which are not sold and do not enter the trade of the country to which shipped, e.g., merchandise for exhibition (not for exhibition and possible sale), horses or other animals for breeding or grazing, etc.
- (b) The return of merchandise previously imported for repair only and other returns to the foreign shipper of temporarily imported merchandise (declared as such on importation) on which no alteration or processing has been performed; e.g., foreign merchandise being returned to the country of origin after importation into the United States for exhibition only.
- (c) Shipments of material in connection with construction, maintenance, and related work being done on projects for the U.S. Armed Forces. Equipment and other material shipped for temporary use on such projects and intended for return to the United States should be identified separately from construction material or other goods which will become a part of or which will be consumed in the construction or maintenance work.

§30.32 [Reserved]

§ 30.33 Vessels, planes, cargo vans, and other carriers and containers sold foreign.

(a) Vessels, locomotives, rail cars, ferries, trucks, other vehicles, trailers, pallets, cargo vans, lift vans, or similar shipping containers are not considered "shipped" in terms of these regulations in this part when they are moving, either loaded or empty, without transfer of ownership or title, in their capacity